



Sonderforschungsbereich 595

Elektrische Ermüdung
in Funktionswerkstoffen



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Jürgen Rödel

Sprecher des SFB 595

FB Material- und Geowissenschaften

Tel.: +49 (0) 6151/ 16-6315

Fax: +49 (0) 6151/ 16-6314

E-mail:roedel@ceramics.tu-darmstadt.de

Sekretariat: Gila Völzke

Tel.: +49 (0) 6151/ 16-6362

Fax: +49 (0) 6151/ 16-6363

E-mail:voelzke@ceramics.tu-darmstadt.de

SFB 595 Kolloquium

26. April 2007, 16.15H

**Gebäude der
Materialwissenschaften**

Raum 77

Datum: 20. April 2007

A two-scale homogenization procedure for electromechanically coupled ceramics

Prof. Jörg Schröder

Institute of Mechanics, Department of Civil Engineering

University of Duisburg-Essen

Ferroelectric materials exhibit a spontaneous polarization, which can be reversed by an applied electric field of sufficient magnitude. The resulting nonlinearities are expressed by characteristic dielectric and buttery hysteresis loops. These effects are correlated to the structure of the crystal and especially to the axis of the spontaneous polarization in case of single crystals.

On our representative meso scale we assume that the domains consist of unit cells with equal spontaneous polarization. Each domain is modeled within a coordinate invariant formulation for an assumed transversely isotropic material as presented in [2], in this context see also [1]. In this investigation the macroscopic polycrystalline quantities are obtained via a simple homogenization procedure, where discrete orientation distribution functions are used to approximate the different domains.

[1] J. Schröder and D. Gross, "Invariant Formulation of the Electro-Mechanical Enthalpy Function of Transversely Isotropic Piezo-Electric Materials", Archive of Applied Mechanics **73**, 533-552 (2004).

[2] J. Schröder and H. Romanowski, "A thermodynamically consistent mesoscopic model for transversely isotropic ferroelectric ceramics in a coordinate-invariant setting", Archive of Applied Mechanics **74**, 863-877(2005).